

CSIR in Media



News Bulletin
21st to 25th September 2019



CSIR-CIMAP

25th September, 2019

CSIR-CIMAP Lucknow organizes Scientist-Industry Meet under CSIR Aroma Mission

Lucknow, Sep 24 (UNI) CSIR-Central Institute of Medicinal and Aromatic Plants (CSIR-CIMAP), Lucknow organized a scientist-aroma industry interaction meet here on Tuesday under CSIR Aroma Mission. A total of 30 industry representatives from Ultra International, Kelkar Group, Ajmal Perfumers and others from various parts of the country participated in the meeting.

Dr Abdul Samad, Director, CSIR-CIMAP, here said that the meeting has been organized to discuss the future course of action in the second phase of CSIR Aroma Mission.

Dr. Alok Kalra underlined the progress of Aroma Mission since its inception. He told that till now 4800 hectares of additional land has been covered by aromatic crops in 1008 clusters across the country. About 300 tonnes of essential oils worth Rs 38 crores have been generated under the Aroma Mission by the farmers which is now available to the aroma industry. He also briefed the industry personnels about the future prospects of Aroma Mission to cater to the quality and agrotechnologies.

The industry representatives present in the meet appreciated CSIR Aroma Mission for its achievements and contributions towards aroma industry. Mr. Yogesh Dubey, President EOAI, in his address said that CSIR should now focus on quality certifications and value-addition in essential oils. He also told that the rates for essential oils needs to be fixed for increasing confidence among the farmers and helping the industry to grow.

Shakti Vinay Shukla, Director, FFDC Kannauj, talked about the development of national level aroma market intelligence system by involvement of various CSIR labs, industries and other stakeholders of aroma industry.

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CSIR-NML

25th September, 2019

नगर राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति की बैठक संपन्न हिंदी के प्रयोग का लिया संकल्प



■ पूर्वी सिंहभूम,
सरायकेला-खरसावां
व पश्चिमी सिंहभूम जिले
के 65 अधिकारियों ने
हिस्सा लिया

जमशेदपुर. नगर राजभाषा कार्यान्वयन समिति जमशेदपुर की 45वीं बैठक का आयोजन मंगलवार को हुआ. एनएमएल सीएसआइआर परिसर में आयोजित इस बैठक में पूर्वी सिंहभूम के साथ ही सरायकेला खरसावां व पश्चिमी सिंहभूम जिले के कुल 65 अधिकारियों ने हिस्सा लिया. इस दौरान सभी ने राजभाषा हिंदी के बेहतर विकास-विस्तार के लिए साझा प्रयास करने का संकल्प लिया. इस बैठक में एनएमएल के डायरेक्टर, प्रधान आयकर आयुक्त अविनाश

किशोर सहाय, हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम के क्षेत्रीय प्रक्षेत्र के उप महाप्रबंधक प्रणय कुमार, परमाणु खनिज विभाग के क्षेत्रीय निदेशक अनिर्वान साहा, क्षेत्रीय भविष्य निधि आयुक्त राजेश कुमार सिन्हा, सीआरपीएफ के द्वितीय कमान अधिकारी एसएम बेहरा, बैंक ऑफ इंडिया के आंचलिक कार्यालय के उप आंचलिक प्रबंधक सुकांत कुमार माहांती, सीआइएसएफ के वरिष्ठ कमांडेंट हरिओम गांधी समेत कई अन्य उपस्थित थे. सभी ने संयुक्त रूप से हिंदी के विकास-विस्तार के लिए ज्यादा से ज्यादा हिंदी के प्रयोग पर बल दिया. कार्यालय या फिर अन्य स्थानों पर हिंदी के प्रयोग का संकल्प लिया गया. इस दौरान बताया गया कि किस प्रकार वेबसाइट में भी हिंदी का प्रयोग किया जा रहा है.

Published in:
Prabhat Khabar

Delhi-NCR: Coming this Diwali, 'green' crackers with logo, QR codes

CSIR-NEERI

24th September, 2019

This Diwali, lowemission “green” crackers with a unique logo and QR code on the boxes will finally be available in Delhi-NCR. According to CSIR-National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (CSIR-NEERI) officials, over 550 emission testing certificates have already been handed over to manufacturers. “These green crackers will have both sound and light. There will be a unique logo on the boxes to help people identify whether they are buying low-emission green crackers or the regular highly-polluting ones. The green cracker boxes will also have QR codes which will have production and emission testing details,” the official told TOI, adding that more than 70% of the major manufacturers have got emission testing certificates. Around 60 compositions of “green” crackers made by various manufacturers were approved for production till now while 24 were rejected, Petroleum and Explosive Safety Organization (Peso) chief M K Jhala told TOI on Monday.

Unlike last year, green crackers will be available in Delhi-NCR this Diwali, Jhala said. However, green crackers were not available in the market and Diwali saw violation of the order all over Delhi-NCR. “These approved compositions do not have any barium nitrate. The manufacturers came up with the compositions and we gave approval to the ones which fall within the ‘green’ parameters after careful review. Production has already started in Sivakasi,” Jhala said. These green crackers have low content of aluminum and use of barium salts and ash as a drying agent is banned in these. According to the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, firecrackers that cause 30-35% lower emissions of particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5) and 35-40% lower sulphur dioxide and nitrogen oxide emissions are categorised as “green crackers”.



1 SC imposed a partial ban on firecrackers last Diwali

- Bursting firecrackers in Delhi was allowed only between 8pm and 10pm on Diwali day
- Only low emission "green" firecrackers to be manufactured and sold countrywide
- Firecrackers can't have toxic barium salts

2 Green crackers were seen as a way out

- 30-35% lower emission of particulate matter (PM10 and PM2.5)
- 35-40% lower emission of sulphur dioxide (SO₂) and nitrogen oxide
- Low cost due to usage of low-cost oxidants

3 But with green crackers not available in market, there were rampant violations in Delhi-NCR on Diwali last year

4 How things may change this year

- Green crackers to be available in Delhi-NCR
- Petroleum and Explosives Safety Organisation has approved 60 compositions and rejected 24
- Approved compositions don't have barium nitrate
- 550 emission testing certificates already handed over to manufacturers by CSIR-NEERI

5 So, how to find out if you're using a green cracker?

- Look for a unique logo on the box
- There will also be a QR code with production and emission-testing details

File photo

SOME HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS IN FIRECRACKERS

Barium nitrate Poisonous. Fumes can irritate respiratory tract

Aluminium Dermatitis, bioaccumulation

Sulfur dioxide Acid rain from

sulphuric acid affects water sources and vegetation

Potassium nitrate Toxic dusts, carcinogenic sulfur-coal compounds

Lead dioxide /nitrate/

Chloride Developmental danger for kids and unborn babies

Mercury Toxic heavy metal; can bio-accumulate

Copper compounds
Cancer risk

Ozone Greenhouse gas that irritates lungs

Arsenic compounds
Toxic ash can cause lung cancer, skin irritation

“Our job is to only grant approval for products on the basis of permitted composition which has now excluded barium nitrate. The certification for whether the end product is a green cracker or not will be done through emission tests by NEERI,” the Peso chief said. The five main sources of air pollution in Delhi, according to an IIT Kanpur’s source apportionment study, are emissions from coal-run power plants, vehicular emissions, burning of crop residue, emissions from ready-mix concrete batching plants and dust at construction sites, with minor sources like bursting of firecrackers aggravating the situation during pre-winter and winter seasons. In winter, crop stubble burning causes as much as 26% of the city’s pollution while in summer it goes down to 12%.

Delhi’s air quality last Diwali day, November 7, oscillated between “poor” and “very poor” categories as authorities warned of severe deterioration in air quality even if “partial toxic crackers” are burned compared to previous years. However, the next day, November 8, most air quality monitoring stations across the city had “very poor” air quality and the AQI touched 390. On November 9, it reached “severe” levels at 423. Authorities attributed the spike in pollution level to the burning of toxic firecrackers.

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[Times of India](#)

CSIR-CCMB

24th September, 2019

CCMB opens its gates to public to interact with active researchers

Hyderabad, Sep 24 (UNI) CSIR-Centre for Cellular and Molecular Biology (CCMB), Hyderabad, a premier life science research institute, will open its gates open for one and all for one-day on Thursday alone.

It is an annual celebration at CCMB to mark the Foundation Day of Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR).

CCMB will have exhibits touching on the ongoing research in the institute and a scope to interact with active researchers.

The variety of exhibits span from study of microbial growth to development of living organisms to how brain works to how better crops can be produced, CCMB said in a release here on Tuesday.

There are going to be booths talking about the opportunities in entrepreneurship in life sciences and how citizens can come together to fight antibiotic resistance.

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Aromatic plants perk up Leh-Ladakh farmers

CSIR-IHBT

23rd September, 2019

The fragrance of the high revenue-earning aromatic plants seems to have caught the fancy of the small farmers residing in the high-altitude cold arid zones of Leh-Ladakh. Tapping in on this growing interest among farmers, Ladakh Farmers and Producers Cooperative Limited (LFPCL), Leh and Ladakh recently inked a pact with Council for Scientific and Industrial Research's (CSIR) Palampur-based lab, Institute of Himalayan Bioresource Technology (IHBT) for cultivation of the high-value aromatic crops like rose, marigold and mint.

Under the Memorandum of Understanding (MoU), a processing unit to churn out essential oils from these crops at village Ranbirpura, Thiksay and Leh is being set up. Dr Sanjay Kumar, Director, CSIR-IHBT, Palampur said processing unit is indispensable for value addition of aromatic plants and establishment of this facility in Leh will benefit the local farmers of Leh district. "As the region is deprived of natural irrigation facilities and is suitable for the cultivation of high value aromatic crops such as damask rose, chamomile, wild marigold, dracocephalum, lavender and saffron, so CSIR-IHBT recognised this area for the cultivation of these crops," he explained.

Dr Kumar said seeds of wild marigold, chamomile and saffron have also been provided to the farmers along with the complete information package of agro technologies which will help them in proper cultivation of these crops. The project is being undertaken under the CSIR's Aroma Mission programme started two years ago with an aim to promote the aromatic crops and to bring additional area of 5,500 ha under these crops for socio-economic upliftment and employment generation for farming community and rural masses. Dr ML Mantoo, CEO, LFPCL and former adviser to the Ministry of Rural Development

said this partnership will allow them to work in collaboration with premier CSIR institute in cultivating aromatic crops in larger area of Leh and Ladakh region and to provide maximum benefit to farmers. Dr Rakesh Kumar, Principal Scientist, CSIR-IHBT said Leh and Ladakh region is suitable for cultivation of high value aromatic crops where unique aroma compound can be produced which have huge demand in the international perfumery and fragrance industries.

To promote cultivation, awareness-cum-training programme has been held in villages like Ranbirpura of district Leh where large number of farmers participated. Leh- Ladakh is located in the northern part of the Indian subcontinent with an area of about 59,146 km. With CSIR-IHBT's efforts, Himachal Pradesh has already become the largest producer of high-quality wild marigold essential oil in India, meeting the demand of perfume, flavouring, and condiment industries. A good number of farmers in Uttarakhand, Himachal Pradesh and Jammu & Kashmir have already taken up the cultivation. In fact, an area of about 214 hectares has been brought under wild marigold cultivation by more than 600 farmers in the hilly region. The crop is suitable for cultivation in the plains as well as on the hills as a mono-crop or inter-crop in orchards/forest/medicinal/ aromatic plants.

Aromatic crops are widely cultivated around the world due to its high-revenue earning essential oils which are utilised in perfumery, food, flavoring, pharmaceutical and agrochemical industry.

Published in:
[The Pioneer](#)

CSIR-CMERI

23rd September, 2019

CSIR-CMERI launches Smart Dimmable LED Street Lighting Technology

Kolkata, Sep 24 (UNI) Scientists of CSIR-CMERI have come up with an affordable technology solution that saves a significant amount of energy along with easy identification of faults in street lights named as Smart Dimmable LED Street Lighting Technology.

The key feature of the technology is that it automatically increases the brightness of street lights when a pedestrian or bicycle or car is moving or present in the street and goes back to a predefined dimming state when none is present.

The technology works in a combination of the advanced motion sensors with dimmable LED drivers that makes on-demand dynamic lighting through adjustment of the intensity of individual street lights that can vary from 10pc to 100pc. It softly enhances the brightness of forwarding lights so that the pedestrians or bicycles or cars get enough light well in advance. This ensures the safety and comfort of pedestrian.

Additionally, it automatically switches ON the street lights in the evening and OFF in the dawn, without the need for human intervention.

Further, it is tolerant from an undesirable trigger in light demand when animals such as cats, dogs etc., passes by.

CSIR-CMERI has transferred the Smart Dimmable LED Street Lighting Technology to Koley Engineering Works, Howrah, West Bengal on 21 September 2019.

UNI XC RN

Published in:

[UNI](#)

13th scholarship awards function: 'Data to bring arts & social sciences in same frame'

CSIR-NCL

22nd September, 2019



As far as your generation goes, the role of humanities and social sciences is important and to connect them is necessary. Not just data from within the subject, but from across the subjects. If you are educated, it will open opportunities for you which are unimaginable. You should try to be the best in whatever you are doing, because you owe it to the society for the encouragement and opportunities," said Ashwini Kumar Nangia, director, Council of Scientific and Industrial Research - National Chemical Laboratory (CSIR-NCL). He was speaking as the chief guest at the '13th Scholarship Awards Function' by the Malhotra Weikfield Foundation at the Symbiosis Educational

Complex on Sunday. On this occasion 125 meritorious students pursuing post-graduate and under graduate studies in various fields of pure sciences, mainly hailing from rural areas and from families with low incomes were awarded full scholarship to enable them to successfully pursue their studies. "It is important to have mentor- mentee relationship because mentors will always challenge you and need to surpass their expectations. The students who have been awarded scholarships today are now ambassadors of these scholarship. Each one of them will be conveying the message which foundation gives to their students," he added. On this occasion Bahri Malhotra, president; Mukesh Malhotra, vice-president (admin); Ashwini Malhotra, treasurer; Ritu Malhotra and Priti Malhotra trustees all from Malhotra Weikfield Foundation were also present.

Published in:
[Hindustan Times](#)

Wild marigold oil yields good returns to farmers

CSIR-IHBT

23rd September, 2019

Himachal Pradesh has attained the number one position in production of essential oil of wild marigold flower. The Director of the Institute of Himachal Bio-Resource Technology (IHBT), a CSIR centre at Palampur, Dr Sanjay Kumar said during the last two years, the IHBT had brought more than 500 hectares under the crop. The cultivation of wild marigold had resulted in the production of 7.6 tonnes of essential oil in Himachal that helped in revenue generation of Rs 5.56 crore benefiting 861 farmers. To uplift the cultivation of aromatic crops to double farmers' income, different small societies of progressive farmers have been formed by the CSIR-IHBT, he said. Nineteen processing units had been set up to empower the farmers for the production of essential oil. The main wild marigold growing regions are Bhatiyat and Salooni in Chamba; Seraj and Gogardhar in Mandi; Banjar in Kullu and Rampur in Shimla, Sanjay said. Farmers of the remote regions are taking up cultivation of aromatic crops to revive agriculture as they are facing problems on account of non-remunerative returns and increasing incidences of crop loss owing to stray animal menace. Sanjay said aromatic crops were widely cultivated around the world due to its high-revenue earning essential oil which is utilised in agrochemical, food, flavoring, perfumery and pharmaceutical industry.

The global essential oil market demand was 22.6 lakh tonne in 2018 and projected to expand at a CAGR of 8.6 per cent from 2019 to 2025, he said. To promote cultivation of these aromatic crops among farmers, a complete package of agro and processing technologies had been developed and executed in the fields to help farmers realise the profits. Depending upon the quality and quantity of essential oil, farmers of hills can earn net profit of Rs 1.5 lakh per hectare annually, he said.

Published in:
[The Tribune](#)

EU to share technologies with India for recycle of bauxite residues

CSIR

21st September, 2019



The European Union (EU) will share technologies for effective utilisation of hazardous Red Mud (Bauxite Residue) with Jawaharlal Nehru Aluminium Research Development and Design Centre (JNARDDC) and other institutions of the country which are working in the field of aluminium waste and Rare Earth Elements (REE). The decision was made during a meeting on the issue, 'Resource Efficiency in the Aluminium Industry with a Focus on Effective Utilisation of Red Mud', held at JNARDDC on Friday. The meeting was organised by Ministry of Mines (MoM) in

association with Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC), JNARDDC, European Union-Resource Efficiency Initiative (EU-REI) and EU at JNARDDC on Friday. India and EU are on a process to strengthen co-operation in the areas of environment, resource efficiency and circular economy under the Resource Efficiency Initiative (EU-REI) for India. The meeting focused on value addition in the process of reuse of the residue and safe disposal of red mud. The delegation of experts from EU enlightened about global and EU developments in the sector and specifically about ongoing Horizon 2020 Programme under which three major projects (EnsureAl, RemovAl and SCALE) are in operation with aim to bulk utilise of bauxite residues. The meet had wide spread participation by scientists from various R&D institutes such as Interscience Institute of Management and Technology (IIMT), Bhubaneswar; CSIR-Advanced Materials and Processes Research Institute (

CSIR-AMPRI), Bhopal and National Environmental Engineering Research Institute (NEERI), Nagpur. In the meeting, NEERI emphasised on safe disposal of red mud in atmosphere and also talked about environmental aspects of hazardous wastes. The world generates over 150 million tonnes of red mud, and global inventory is more than three billion tonnes. Red mud generation in India is around 9 million tonnes per year.

JNARDDC, Hindalco and National Metallurgical Laboratory (NML), Jamshedpur have the process to produce bricks, blocks, paver blocks, plasters etc from red mud for housing and road applications. While these processes are technically well established, they are not economically attractive mainly due to high transportation cost either of end product or the raw materials.

The meeting also focused on this aspect also and EU is ready to share their knowledge and technology to make these products affordable. Katy Tsesmelis, International Aluminium Institute (IAI); György (George) Bánvölgyi, Hungary; Ugo Miretti, ITRB Group; Casper van der Eijk, SINTEF, Norway; Dr Papadimitriou Konstantinia, Greece and Dr Dieter Mutz, EU-REI were from EU and EU-REI.

EU urged JNARDDC to come out with a document of actionable points at the end of the meet with a view to address this global issue. Dr Anupam Agnihotri, Director, JNARDDC hosted the meeting while M T Nimje, Dr S P Puttewar, M K Chaddha, Dr M Najar, Dr Suchita Rai, Dr Upendra Singh and S Wadodkar also were present in the meeting.

R Vishakha and R Sriniwasan conducted the meeting. Later, the EU delegation visited the Institute and applauded the facility and the work of JNARDDC.

Published in:
[The Hitvada](#)

CSIR-CSIO

विदेश से नहीं मंगवानी पड़ेगी मरीन बेयरिंग साइट

शिप और सब-मरीन की सही स्थिति लगेगी पता, सीएसआईओ ने आधी से कम कीमत पर तैयार की तकनीक

एजुकेशन रिपोर्टर | चंडीगढ़

किसी भी मिशन या जंग के दौरान शिप और सब मरीन का उपयोग करते हुए दिशा और आस-पास की सब-मरीन या शिप की सही जानकारी देने के लिए सीएसआईओ-सीएसआईआर की ओर से मरीन बेयरिंग साइट तैयार की गई है।

ये साइट वो होती है जिस पर चालक को कंपास की डायरेक्शन के अनुसार जानकारी आंख के सामने (लाइन ऑफ साइट) दिखती है। इस बेयरिंग साइट पर मौजूद स्केल की मदद से दूसरी शिप या सब मरीन की दिशा व



स्थिति और उसका साइज पता लग जाएगा। इस पर चांद व सितारों की इमेज भी दिखा सकते हैं। इसकी तकनीक को किसी भी लाइट में देखा जा सकता है। इसका उपयोग दिन या रात किसी भी समय

किया जा सकता है। ये तकनीक सीएसआईआर और इंडियन नेवी के बीच एमओयू के तहत चल रही रिसर्च के दौरान ही तैयार हुई है। डीजी-सीएसआईआर डॉ. शेखर सी मंडे ने इसका लोकार्पण किया। डॉ.

विनोद करार और उनकी टीम ने इस बारे में टेक्नोलॉजी ट्रांसफर प्रोग्राम के दौरान जानकारी दी। डॉ. राज ने इस बारे में प्रेजेंटेशन दी। तकनीक ट्रांसफर सेल के डॉ. सुरेंद्र सैनी ने बताया कि पहले ये विदेश से आती रही है, लेकिन एक तो उसकी कीमत बहुत ज्यादा है। दूसरा उसमें मल्टीपल फोकल लेंथ की सुविधा नहीं है। सीएसआईओ की ओर से तैयार मरीन बेयरिंग साइट में इमेज को मेग्नीफाइंग भी कर सकते हैं। इस पर तस्वीर जूम हो सकेगी। इसे डेढ़ गुणा, तीन गुणा और छह गुणा तक कर इमेज को देख सकते हैं। इसमें ऑप्टिकल फिल्टर्स लगाए हैं जिससे हर कंडीशन में काम करेगी।

Published in:
Dainik Bhaskar

CSIR-CSIO

जागरण विशेष सीएसआइओ के वैज्ञानिकों ने तैयार की खास डिवाइस, नई दिल्ली स्थित मुख्यालय में मरीजों पर हो चुका है सफल परीक्षण

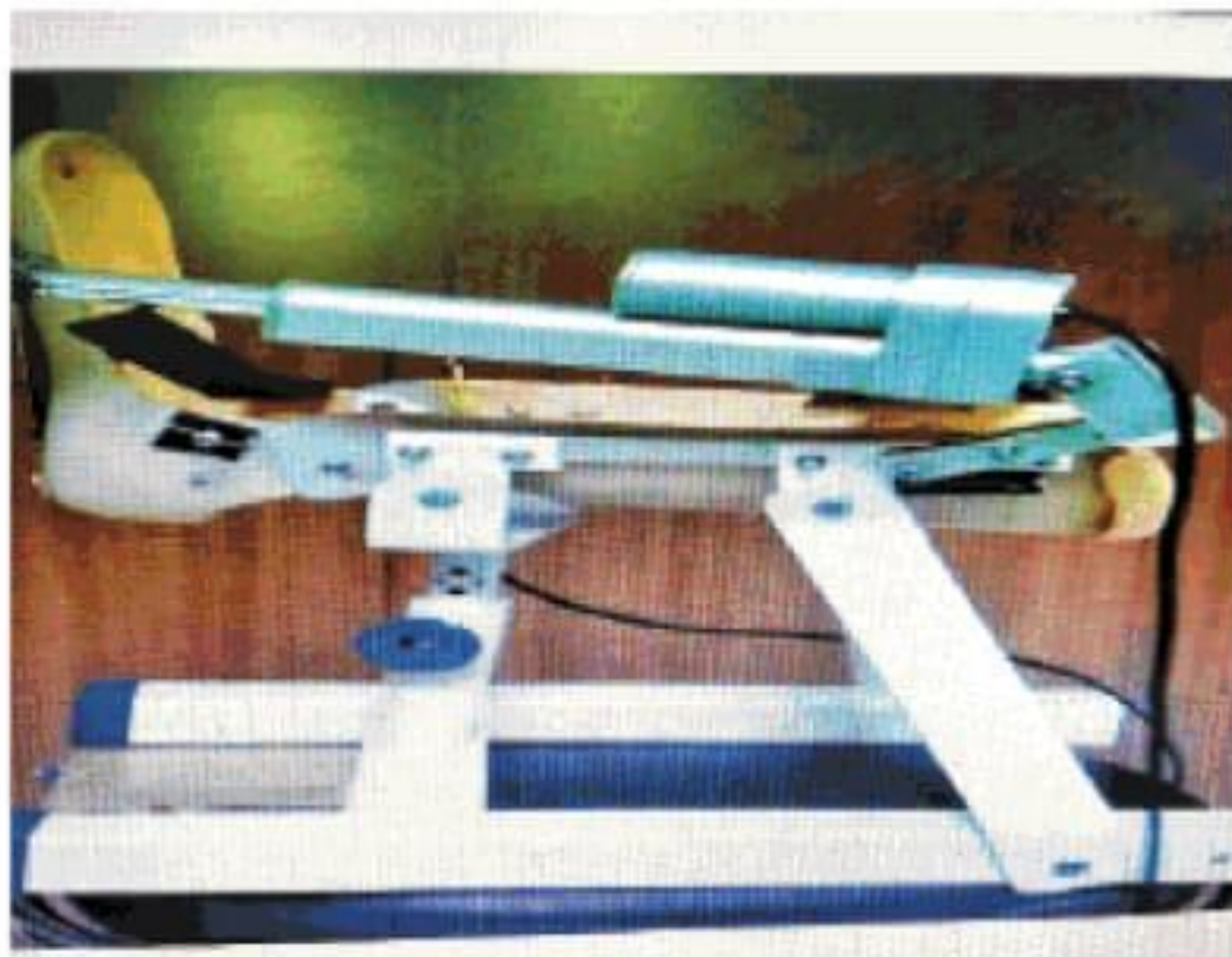
अब अकड़ी हुई मांसपेशियों को रोबोट करेगा रिहैबिलिटेड

वीणा तिवारी • चंडीगढ़

एक्सोडैट या किन्हीं अन्य कारणों से मांसपेशियों में आई अकड़ या दुश्खचाव को अब रोबोट ठीक करेगा। इसके लिए घंटों फिजियोथेरेपी सेंटर में थकानभरी एक्सरसाइज करने की नौबत भी नहीं आएगी। चंडीगढ़ के सेक्टर 32 स्थित सेंट्रल साइंटिफिक इंस्ट्रूमेंट्स ऑर्गेनाइजेशन के वैज्ञानिकों ने इसके लिए एक खास तरह का रोबोटिक डिवाइस तैयार किया है। इसकी मदद से प्रभावित अंग में फिजियोथेरेपी की जा सकेगी। रोबोटिक डिवाइस में ब्लूटूथ बेस्ड कंट्रोल सिस्टम है, जिसे मोबाइल के जरिये नियंत्रित किया जा सकता है।

खास बात यह है कि इस रोबोटिक डिवाइस का नई दिल्ली स्थित नेशनल स्पाइन इंजरी सेंटर के मरीजों पर सफल ट्रायल किया जा चुका है।

सारे पैरामीटर रोबोट में होंगे फिक्स : इस डिवाइस को बनाने वाले सीएसआइओ के डूक्षप्रसिपल साइंटिस्ट डॉ. नीलेश कुमार



चंडीगढ़ : सेंट्रल साइंटिफिक इंस्ट्रूमेंट्स ऑर्गेनाइजेशन के वैज्ञानिक द्वारा तैयार रोबोटिक डिवाइस • जागरण ने बताया कि मरीज की सुविधा को ध्यान में रखकर इसे तैयार किया गया है। क्योंकि फिजियोथेरेपी में मानक का पालन न होने पर परेशानी कम होने की वजाय बढ़ने का खतरा होता है। इसलिए इस डिवाइस को रोबोट के साथ कनेक्ट कर उसमें मरीज के

फिर फिजियोथेरेपी की कमी नहीं बनेगी परेशानी

डॉ. नीलेश ने बताया कि ट्रामा और फ्रैक्चर के मामलों में दिनों दिन हो रही बढ़ोतरी के कारण इस डिवाइस का महत्व अधिक है। देश में फिजियोथेरेपिस्ट और सेंटर्स की कम संख्या इसके लिए दुश्खचा का विषय है। मगर ऐसे डिवाइस के माध्यम से कम समय में ज्यादा से ज्यादा मरीजों को सही



डॉ. नीलेश कुमार।

इलाज उपलब्ध कराया जा सकता है। रिसर्च में पाया गया है कि एक्सोडैट में एडी की मांसपेशियों में ही सबसे ज्यादा चोट आती है। वह मांसपेशियां काफी नाजुक होती हैं, इसलिए उसके फिजियोथेरेपी में भी सावधानी बरतनी होती है। रोबोटिक डिवाइस का इस मामले में बेहतर परिणाम सामने आया है।

देश में ट्रामा के मामलों की बढ़ती रफ्तार और रिहैबिलिटेशन सेंटर्स की सीमित संख्या दुश्खचा विषय है। ऐसे में रोबोटिक डिवाइस की मदद से फिजियोथेरेपी के ज्यादा से ज्यादा केस कम समय में बेहतर तरीके से करने में सफलता मिलेगी।

- एसएस सेनी, बिजनेस हेड, सीएसआइओ

थेरेपी से संबंधित सारे पैरामीटर फिक्स करने का विकल्प दिया गया है। पैरामीटर फिक्स

होने से थेरेपी गलत होने का खतरा नहीं होगा। इसके साथ ही उसे मरीज खुद अपने मोबाइल से कंट्रोल कर सकेगा। इसमें मरीज की क्षमता को ध्यान में रखकर थेरेपी देने व भी व्यवस्था की गई है। उसमें एक्सरसाइज के दौरान मरीज को जैसे-जैसे थकान होगा वैसे-वैसे इसकी स्पीड बायो सिग्नल के जरिये नियंत्रित होती जाएगी। इसके जरिये मांसपेशियों को कम समय में सही करने व लक्ष्य पूरा होगा।

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